SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 740

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CAUTHORN.

Pre-filed December 1, 2005, and ordered printed.

3689S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 208.151, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to medical assistance eligibility.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 208.151, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 208.151, to read as follows:

- 208.151. 1. For the purpose of paying medical assistance on behalf of
- 2 needy persons and to comply with Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments
- 3 to the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301 et seq.) as amended, the
- 4 following needy persons shall be eligible to receive medical assistance to the
- 5 extent and in the manner hereinafter provided:
- 6 (1) All recipients of state supplemental payments for the aged, blind and 7 disabled;
- 8 (2) All recipients of aid to families with dependent children benefits,
- 9 including all persons under nineteen years of age who would be classified as
- 10 dependent children except for the requirements of subdivision (1) of subsection
- 11 1 of section 208.040;
- 12 (3) All recipients of blind pension benefits;
- 13 (4) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for old age
- 14 assistance benefits, permanent and total disability benefits, or aid to the blind
- 15 benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, or less
- 16 restrictive standards as established by rule of the family support division, who
- 17 are sixty-five years of age or over and are patients in state institutions for mental
- 18 diseases or tuberculosis;
- 19 (5) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would be eligible
- 20 for aid to families with dependent children except for the requirements of

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subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 208.040, and who are residing in an intermediate care facility, or receiving active treatment as inpatients in psychiatric facilities or programs, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1396d, as amended;

- 24 (6) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would be eligible 25 for aid to families with dependent children benefits except for the requirement of 26 deprivation of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 27 of section 208.040;
 - (7) All persons eligible to receive nursing care benefits;
- 29 (8) All recipients of family foster home or nonprofit private child-care 30 institution care, subsidized adoption benefits and parental school care wherein 31 state funds are used as partial or full payment for such care;
 - (9) All persons who were recipients of old age assistance benefits, aid to the permanently and totally disabled, or aid to the blind benefits on December 31, 1973, and who continue to meet the eligibility requirements, except income, for these assistance categories, but who are no longer receiving such benefits because of the implementation of Title XVI of the federal Social Security Act, as amended;
- 37 (10) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with 38 dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child in the home;
- 39 (11) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with 40 dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child who is deprived 41 of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 42 208.040;
- 43 (12) Pregnant women or infants under one year of age, or both, whose 44 family income does not exceed an income eligibility standard equal to one 45 hundred eighty-five percent of the federal poverty level as established and 46 amended by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, or its 47 successor agency;
- 48 (13) Children who have attained one year of age but have not attained six 49 years of age who are eligible for medical assistance under 6401 of P.L. 101-239 50 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989). The family support division shall 51 use an income eligibility standard equal to one hundred thirty-three percent of 52 the federal poverty level established by the Department of Health and Human 53 Services, or its successor agency;
- 54 (14) Children who have attained six years of age but have not attained 55 nineteen years of age. For children who have attained six years of age but have 56 not attained nineteen years of age, the family support division shall use an

income assessment methodology which provides for eligibility when family income is equal to or less than equal to one hundred percent of the federal poverty level established by the Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor agency. As necessary to provide Medicaid coverage under this subdivision, the department of social services may revise the state Medicaid plan to extend coverage under 42 U.S.C. 1396a (a)(10)(A)(i)(III) to children who have attained six years of age but have not attained nineteen years of age as permitted by paragraph (2) of subsection (n) of 42 U.S.C. 1396d using a more liberal income assessment methodology as authorized by paragraph (2) of subsection (r) of 42 U.S.C. 1396a;

- (15) The family support division shall not establish a resource eligibility standard in assessing eligibility for persons under subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection. The division of medical services shall define the amount and scope of benefits which are available to individuals eligible under each of the subdivisions (12), (13), and (14) of this subsection, in accordance with the requirements of federal law and regulations promulgated thereunder;
- (16) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, ambulatory prenatal care shall be made available to pregnant women during a period of presumptive eligibility pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-1, as amended;
 - (17) A child born to a woman eligible for and receiving medical assistance under this section on the date of the child's birth shall be deemed to have applied for medical assistance and to have been found eligible for such assistance under such plan on the date of such birth and to remain eligible for such assistance for a period of time determined in accordance with applicable federal and state law and regulations so long as the child is a member of the woman's household and either the woman remains eligible for such assistance or for children born on or after January 1, 1991, the woman would remain eligible for such assistance if she were still pregnant. Upon notification of such child's birth, the family support division shall assign a medical assistance eligibility identification number to the child so that claims may be submitted and paid under such child's identification number;
 - (18) Pregnant women and children eligible for medical assistance pursuant to subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection shall not as a condition of eligibility for medical assistance benefits be required to apply for aid to families with dependent children. The family support division shall utilize an

application for eligibility for such persons which eliminates information requirements other than those necessary to apply for medical assistance. The division shall provide such application forms to applicants whose preliminary income information indicates that they are ineligible for aid to families with dependent children. Applicants for medical assistance benefits under subdivision (12), (13) or (14) shall be informed of the aid to families with dependent children program and that they are entitled to apply for such benefits. Any forms utilized by the family support division for assessing eligibility under this chapter shall be as simple as practicable;

- (19) Subject to appropriations necessary to recruit and train such staff, the family support division shall provide one or more full-time, permanent case workers to process applications for medical assistance at the site of a health care provider, if the health care provider requests the placement of such case workers and reimburses the division for the expenses including but not limited to salaries, benefits, travel, training, telephone, supplies, and equipment, of such case workers. The division may provide a health care provider with a part-time or temporary case worker at the site of a health care provider if the health care provider requests the placement of such a case worker and reimburses the division for the expenses, including but not limited to the salary, benefits, travel, training, telephone, supplies, and equipment, of such a case worker. The division may seek to employ such case workers who are otherwise qualified for such positions and who are current or former welfare recipients. The division may consider training such current or former welfare recipients as case workers for this program;
- (20) Pregnant women who are eligible for, have applied for and have received medical assistance under subdivision (2), (10), (11) or (12) of this subsection shall continue to be considered eligible for all pregnancy-related and postpartum medical assistance provided under section 208.152 until the end of the sixty-day period beginning on the last day of their pregnancy;
- (21) Case management services for pregnant women and young children at risk shall be a covered service. To the greatest extent possible, and in compliance with federal law and regulations, the department of health and senior services shall provide case management services to pregnant women by contract or agreement with the department of social services through local health departments organized under the provisions of chapter 192, RSMo, or chapter 205, RSMo, or a city health department operated under a city charter or a

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129 combined city-county health department or other department of health and senior 130 services designees. To the greatest extent possible the department of social services and the department of health and senior services shall mutually 131 132 coordinate all services for pregnant women and children with the crippled 133 children's program, the prevention of mental retardation program and the 134 prenatal care program administered by the department of health and senior 135 services. The department of social services shall by regulation establish the 136 methodology for reimbursement for case management services provided by the 137 department of health and senior services. For purposes of this section, the term 138 "case management" shall mean those activities of local public health personnel 139 to identify prospective Medicaid-eligible high-risk mothers and enroll them in the state's Medicaid program, refer them to local physicians or local health 140 departments who provide prenatal care under physician protocol and who 141 142 participate in the Medicaid program for prenatal care and to ensure that said high-risk mothers receive support from all private and public programs for which 143 they are eligible and shall not include involvement in any Medicaid prepaid, 144 145 case-managed programs;

- (22) By January 1, 1988, the department of social services and the department of health and senior services shall study all significant aspects of presumptive eligibility for pregnant women and submit a joint report on the subject, including projected costs and the time needed for implementation, to the general assembly. The department of social services, at the direction of the general assembly, may implement presumptive eligibility by regulation promulgated pursuant to chapter 207, RSMo;
- (23) All recipients who would be eligible for aid to families with dependent children benefits except for the requirements of paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of section 208.150;
- (24) (a) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for old age assistance benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the Medicaid state plan as of January 1, 2005; except that, on or after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income limit if authorized by annual appropriation;
- 163 (b) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for aid to the blind 164 benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized

by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the Medicaid state plan as of January 1, 2005, except that less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), shall be used to raise the income limit to one hundred percent of the federal poverty level;

- (c) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for permanent and total disability benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1396a(f); or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the Medicaid state plan as of January 1, 2005; except that, on or after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income limit if authorized by annual appropriations. Eligibility standards for permanent and total disability benefits shall not be limited by age. Any income earned through certified extended employment at a sheltered workshop under chapter 178, RSMo, shall not be considered as income for determining eligibility under the provisions of this subdivision;
- (25) Persons who have been diagnosed with breast or cervical cancer and who are eligible for coverage pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1396a (a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII). Such persons shall be eligible during a period of presumptive eligibility in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1396r-1.
 - 2. Rules and regulations to implement this section shall be promulgated in accordance with section 431.064, RSMo, and chapter 536, RSMo. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2002, shall be invalid and void.
 - 3. After December 31, 1973, and before April 1, 1990, any family eligible for assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 601 et seq., as amended, in at least three of the last six months immediately preceding the month in which such family became ineligible for such assistance because of increased income from employment shall, while a member of such family is employed, remain eligible for medical assistance for four calendar months following the month in which such

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family would otherwise be determined to be ineligible for such assistance because of income and resource limitation. After April 1, 1990, any family receiving aid pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 601 et seq., as amended, in at least three of the six months immediately preceding the month in which such family becomes ineligible for such aid, because of hours of employment or income from employment of the caretaker relative, shall remain eligible for medical assistance for six calendar months following the month of such ineligibility as long as such family includes a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6. Each family which has received such medical assistance during the entire six-month period described in this section and which meets reporting requirements and income tests established by the division and continues to include a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. 1396r-6 shall receive medical assistance without fee for an additional six months. The division of medical services may provide by rule and as authorized by annual appropriation the scope of medical assistance coverage to be granted to such families.

- 4. When any individual has been determined to be eligible for medical assistance, such medical assistance will be made available to him or her for care and services furnished in or after the third month before the month in which he made application for such assistance if such individual was, or upon application would have been, eligible for such assistance at the time such care and services were furnished; provided, further, that such medical expenses remain unpaid.
- 5. The department of social services may apply to the federal Department of Health and Human Services for a Medicaid waiver amendment to the Section 1115 demonstration waiver or for any additional Medicaid waivers necessary not to exceed one million dollars in additional costs to the state. A request for such a waiver so submitted shall only become effective by executive order not sooner than ninety days after the final adjournment of the session of the general assembly to which it is submitted, unless it is disapproved within sixty days of its submission to a regular session by a senate or house resolution adopted by a majority vote of the respective elected members thereof.
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in any given fiscal year, any persons made eligible for medical assistance benefits under subdivisions (1) to (22) of subsection 1 of this section shall only be eligible if annual appropriations are made for such eligibility. This subsection shall not apply to classes of individuals listed in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i).